THE TIMES.

VOL. III.—NO. 12. MOOSE JAW, N. W. T., FRIDAY, JULY 24, 1891. Price 5 cents.

T. W. ROBINSON.

Bargains in Remnants. Bargains in Remnants. Bargains in Remnants. Bargains in Remnants.

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LACES,

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WESTERN HOPE L. O. L., NO. 1542 meets Friday, on or before the full of the moon, in the Orange Hall: Annable Block main street, Moose Jaw, N. W. T.; R. L. Alexander, W. M.; C. A. Gass, Rec. Secy.

VALLEY LODGE No. 1, I. O. O. F., meets every Thursday at 20 o'clock, in the Oddfellow's Hall, on Main street. Visiting brethren always welcome.

O. B. FYSH, N. G. J. MAIR, Rec.-Secy.

MOOSE JAW LODGE, No. 26, A. F. & A. M., G. R. M., meets on the second Tuesday evening in every month in the Masonic Hall on Main Street. Brethren visiting the town cordially welcomed.

C. B. CUMPSTON, W. M. R. H. LOWE, SECRETARY

THE

MOOSE JAW TIMES

— is published —

EVERY FRIDAY MORNING,

at the, office in time for the early mail,

GRAYSON'S BLOCK, MAIN STREET,

Moose Jaw, N. W. T.,

TERMS:

If paid strictly in advance, $1.50 per Annum
otherwise, $2.00.

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All advertisements measured by a scale of Nonpareil, 12 lines to the inch; advertisements without specified directions will be inserted until forbid. Instructions to change or discontinue an advertisements must be left at this office by noon on Monday, and the copy or changes must be handed in not later than 10 a. m. on Wednesday.

W have a first-class jobbing department in connection—Gordon presses, and the latest designs in printing material—enabling us to execute all descriptions of job printing on shortest notice, and in style second to no city office.

Our terms for job work, casua advertisements and special notices are cash. Contract advertisements payable quarterly.

BINDER TWINE.

There has been a good deal of talk about binder twine of late, as there usually is about this time of the year. In Ontario the Farmers' Union has been agitating against the duty upon twine on the ground that the cost of twine is increased in proportion to the amount of the duty, which is 25 per cent *ad valorem*. The cry among the eastern farmers has been that twine is cheaper in the United States than in Canada. The McKinley tariff in the United States was a sop to the farmers, though to a large extent we believe it is an imaginary one, at least in so far as it increased the duties upon farm products. One favorable feature of the McKinley bill, however was its reduction of the binder twine duty from two and a half to seven tenths of a cent per pound. The fact that the duties are lower in the States than here, is sufficient to give opposition politicians a reason to agitate in "the interest of the farmers," whose votes of course they are anxious to secure. There is another good ground for popular agitation against the twine duties· That monster combination holds sway in the twine manufacturing industry. This is sufficient to cause popular indignation, quite regardless of other circumstances. The manufacturers might be selling under cost, but this would not make any difference with that large section of the people, who see something hideous in a commercial combine of any kind, though at the same time they look quite complacently upon the various professional and other combines. With a protective tariff in its favor and a combine in the industry, it is therefore not to be wondered at that there is a popular move among farmers in the matter of binder twine. The conditions afford a splendid opportunity for wily politician to work up disaffection, whether or not there is anything in the matter of prices.

The question has been debated briskly in parliament, where it was affirmed and as strenuously denied, that twine costs the consumer more in this country than in the United States. Upon the question of relative values, we are not in a position to speak authoritatively. There are a great many brands of twine upon the market in both countries, representing as many different qualities of goods. It would require a careful analysis to arrive at the comparative value of the different brands. We will endeavor to gain more light upon this subject for future comment. We may say that some Winnipeg dealers, who have handled some important twine in other years, prefer the home brands in the matter of quality.

So far as prices are concerned this year in Manitoba, they are in favor of the consumer as compared with last year. The time price to farmers this year ranges from 12 to 16 cents per pound, according to brand and quality, for small quantities from 1,000 to 3,000 pounds. A discount of 5 per cent. for cash is also given by the implement firms. These prices are considerably lower than last year, though it may not mean that the manufacturers are making smaller profits. The difference may be made up in the quality of the twine, or in the cost of raw material. So far as quality is concerned, there is complaint from some dealers, that the quality shows a tendency to depreciate. A. Harris Son & Co., and Massey & Company, of Winnipeg, are handling a brand of their own this year. That is, each of these have arranged with the manufacturers for a special brand of twine, of which the quality is guaranteed. The best twines are half sisal and half manilla, the manilla imparting strength and the sisal smoothness and finish. The sisal alone is deficient in strength. There is also a great difference in the length of twine to the pound, which must be taken into consideration in the matter of value. For instance, different brands will vary from 400 to 600 feet to the pound, which makes a difference of one-third in the number of pounds required. Besides, the light weight twines are the best quality. It is said that some twines are colored to imitate manilla when there is no manila in them. The cheaper sisal twines vill weigh more to a given number of feet, and have not the strength of manila, the fibre being shorter. New Zealand hemp and jute is also used largely in the manufacture of twine, while in the United States native hemp is also used. All these things must be taken into consideration, so that it is difficult to speak reliably as to the exact relative value of the different Canadian and United States brands. Some of the brands on the market here are blue ribbon, red cap, crown and silver composite, these brands being named in order of quality, the wholesale price for these varying from 9 to 15 cents. There are also the special brands "blue tin tag," and "World," controlled by the Winnipeg firms previously mentioned, An imported twine from the States is sold in connection with the McCormick binder, at 16 cents retail.

In Manitoba there has been a movement among the farmers in some districts to combine to bring their twine from the east in car lots, and they should understand the different points as to quality and number of feet to the pound. In the east the wholesale price of the different brands is quoted about as follows: Blue ribbon 14 cts., red cap, 12 cents; crown, 11 cents; composite, 9 cents.—Commercial.

SIR JOHN'S INFANCY.

His First Oratorical Effort—Emigration of the Family to Canada.

Mr. E. B. Biggar, who is about publishing a most complete and comprehensive life of Sir John Macdonald, has kindly placed in the hands of the Star some of his advanced sheets, from which the following is taken:

Of his (Sir John's) infancy there is little that can be gathered at the present moment worthy of note. He had a brother William, born some years before and a little more than a year before John Alexander came into the world, a sister, Margaret, was born. The last named was destined to become the wife of Professor Williamson, of Queen's University, Kingston. Later, another brother and sister were born, but this brother, a beautiful little child, died at the age of six, shortly after the emigration of the family to Canada, and little Johnny was left to be his mother's only boy. He was noted for having a bright eye, a lively manner and a head of curly brown hair, which darkened into black as he grew up. His political, or at least, his speech-making career began at Glasgow at the early age of four. One day, while some relations with their children were visiting the house, the little ones were locked up in a room to make a day of it. Among the performances of the day was a

MAIDEN SPEECH BY JOHNNY,

which had the effect of bringing down the house in an unexpected way. The child had mounted a table and begun to a make speech. What he lacked in language he made up in vehemence of gesticulation, but in the midst of the peroration he was performing with his arms and legs, a noise was heard outside, and in the alarm he whirled himself off the table and struck his forehead upon a chair. The incident "brought down the house" in considerable alarm, and Johnny was found to have received a severe cut, a slight scar from which he bore to his dying day. One of the witnesses of this performance was a little aunt, who being only ten years his senior, was soon to be intimately associated with him, and was to carry him in her arms about the deck of the vessel that brought him to Canada.

Moved by reports of the success of friends and fellow countrymen in Canada, and disappointed in his career at home, the lad's father decided at length in 1820 to emigrate to the great western continent where he would have opportunities of becoming a successful merchant or a land owner on a scale he could never dream of becoming at home, and still live under the British flag. So at length, about the first week in April, 1820, Hugh Macdonald, with his wife and family, including his old mother, then seventy-five years of age, and some of his wife's relations, gathered their belongings together and boarded the

SHIP "EARL OF BUCKINGHAMSHIRE."

We had almost said the good ship—she had been good when she sailed to the East Indies, but now she was utterly unseaworthy, and the following year, while bringing out to Canada a cargo of six hundred immigrants, she went down with all on board. The present voyage she was to complete safely—though not without accident—and never did this old East Indian bring to the marts of England in all her sailings freight that she took up the Gulf of St. Lawrence on this voyage, for among her passengers was a child who was to be in one sense the builder of a nation—a people whose full stature no man yet may outlive. These poor but strong minded and strong-limbed immigrants probably little conceived then how deeply they were to impress their national characteristics upon the young Canadian nation. The better class of Highland Scotchmen having set the example of emigration in times past it was followed in these years by the poorest who could get away, and various means was adopted to help each other off. One plan was to start a subscription paper in a district and collect money enough to send out a quota of friends, who might afterwards from their new homes assist those left behind Instead of going to the populous Lowland ports, where, at times, owing to the state of public opinion, there were

DIFFICULTIES THROWN IN THEIR WAY,

they would engage a vessel which would be quietly brought into the solitary bays or arms of the sea which here presented their waters almost everywhere close to the doors of the cottages, and having taken the passengers abroad, sail quietly away. Having arrived on the other side of the ocean, as quietly and unobserved did they land their invaluable freight, "spreading broadcast the seed of a noble race over immense and fruitful lands." In some cases men contributed part of their wages or income till a fund was gathered to send a party out, and when enough was thus raised they would cast lots as to which of the number should go. Of such were many of the three hundred on board the "Earl of Buckinghamshire." His friend, Mr. Munro, the elder has come down to Bonar Bridge to say good-bye to Hugh Macdonald, and so impressed were the children with parting from friends and crossing the ocean that when J. A. Macdonald and John Munro met thirty-nine years afterwards in the city of Quebec they were both able to call to mind the parting at Bonar Bridge. And so while Thomas Pringle and his party were making an equally memorable voyage to found their Scotch settlements in the Cape Colony, these hardy Highlanders were sailing to Canada, some of them to make an enduring name upon the pages of her history.

SABBATH OBSERVANCE.

Text of the New Bill.

Ottawa, July 16.—A bill to secure the better observance of the Lord's day has been agreed upon by the special committee, which has made extensive amendments too the original bill as submitted to it, chiefly by striking out clauses considered to stringent in their provisions and not practicable in application to some provinces of Canada with many of whose established customs it would interfere. The amended bill reported from the committee prohibits work and traffic on Sunday as follows: printing, publication and sale of any news papers, "provided, however, that necessary office work may be performed after 9 o'clock in the evening of the Lord's day for the purpose of facilitating the publication of a Monday morning issue of any daily newspaper"; the opening of any canals in Canada to traffic or business from six to ten on Sunday, but this provision may be suspended in any year by order-in-council after the 15th day of October. No railway train is to be loaded at any railway station or moved from one station to another, nor any freight train permitted to start from any railway station in Canada on Sunday except such as are made up of live stock or perishable freight, and where the despatching of trains to relieve sufferers by accidents or fire is deemed necessary. But through passenger trains each way with their necessary connections shall be permitted on any trunk line in Canada, but merely local passenger trains are prohibited. A sub-section to this provides that at such time as the laws of the United States shall make corresponding provision no through freight, transferring it from one point on the frontier of the United States to some other point on the frontier shall be allowed to pass over Canadian roads on the Lord's day except live stock and perishable goods. Sunday excursions by steamboat or railway are prohibited. The penalties provided for infringement of the act are heavy fines and imprisonment in default of fines not forthcoming promptly after judgement.

The World's News Briefly Told.

Rev. Donald Fraser of Victoria, B. C. is dead.

Heavy floods and much distress are reported from Melbourne, Australia.

The Chippewa Indians at White Earth Minnesota are in revolt and the situation is serious.

An unsuccessful attempt was made, last week by a madman, to shoot President Garnot of France.

The Michigan forest fires have been checked by long looked for rains.

The exile of the Grenadier guards, who were sent to Bermuda, as punishment for insubordination, has expired, and they will shortly return to London.

Rev. Carl Collin, of Duluth has been called as pastor of the Swedish Lutheran Church Winnipeg.

Bread is becoming dearer in Germany each week and there is much destitution among the poorer classes.

ENGLAND'S REAL ESTATE LOSS.

A mistake which cost the British government about as much territory as there is in the State of Rhode Island has come to light. The error consists of the fact that the iron monuments at Blaine, and for many miles east of there, are 360 yards north of the 49th parallel, which should be the next boundary line.

Ensign Edward Moale, jr., of the United States navy, and connected with the United States coast survey, tells the story. Three years ago Ensign Moale was on the United States surveying schooner which was operating in the vicinity of Blaine. The authorities at Washington sent out charts containing the latitude and longitude, which are filled in with the result of the surveys.

Attached to the schooner was Asst. S. S. Gilbert, who had charge of the party working on shore. He sent in a platted result of his work, which was filled into maps received from headquarters at Washington. When Gilbert's charts were platted in these maps it was found that the boundary monuments at Blaine, and for a distance east thereof, were 360 yards to the north of the 49th parallel.

'At first we thought we were mistaken,' said Ensign Moale, 'and we carefully went over the work, time and again, only to verify the fact that the boundary monuments were further north than they should be.'

'How did this mistake occur?'

I suppose when the boundary line survey was made in 1852 under the direction of the joint American and English commission that a slight error was made by the surveyors in northern Montana or the Rocky Mountains. This was trifling at the start, but kept widening out until it covers 360 yards wide at the Straits of Georgia."

'Can the British demand the territory back?'

'No, they cannot, because the boundary line between the United States and Canada is fixed by these monuments, which are of iron and are placed every mile from the Lake of the Woods to the Atlantic, the boundary line is fixed by the lakes and rivers. The fact has never been officially reported to Wahington."—Cor. Chicago Tribune.

MAKING CLAY PIPES.

How and Where They Are Manufactured—An Interesting Process.

Charles W. Maxwell of Strawbridge, Miss., in conversation with a St. Louis Star-Sayings reporter said:

"It is popularly believed that all clay pipes are either make in Europe or from clay brought from the other hemisphere, but such is not the case, as a very large share of the clay pipes made in America are from clay found at and near Woodbridge, N. J. The clay comes by the carload and the first step toward preparing it for molding is to sufficiently dampen it with water to make it pliable. This is done by placing it in a tank, where it soaks for about twenty-four hours. It is then hammered with iron bars, thus ridding it from any lumps or dry chunks. Then the molding begins. The workman takes a lump of clay in each hand and by squeezing and rolling it molds the pieces into a rough stem about three times as large as the finished pipe stem, having a rough ball at its end. These rolls as they are called are piled on wooden trays, sixteen to each tray after which they are dried, either by the sun or by artificial means, according to the weather. After having been dried not to hardness but sufficiently to dispose of all superfluous dampness, the rolls are ready to have the stem drilled and the bowl formed. To drill the stem the workman holds a small iron rod the size of the stem holes, and with his left hand pulls the clay roll over the rod instead of shoving the rod through the stem. To do this the workman is guided solely by the sense of touch in his finger tips, and that sense is so accurate that the hole is invariably made correctly. The ball at the end of the roll is turned up, and then roll and rod are placed in an iron matrix which presses the pliable clay into the desired outside pattern. The matrix and its contents are placed in a hand press, and the workman, by pulling a lever, forms the hole of the pipe bowl. The molded pipe, still soft and pliable, then passes to the hands of the trimmer girls, who scrape off the superfluous clay, making the joints of the matrix. Then the pipes are placed in fire-proof clay stagger and the loaded staggers are placed in a large furnace. This furnace has eight flues at the bottom, and the six sheets of flame at the bottom concentrate at the top, thus making the heat even throughout. Until the pipes go into the furnace they are blue in color, but when they come out they are pure white."

DIAMOND HALL

Next door South of F. A. Meller's Fruit Store.

Collar Buttons,

Cuff Buttons,

Chains, Charms,

Wedding and Engagment Rings

Watches, Clocks.

And All Kinds of Jewellry

ENGLISH, SWISS AND AMERICAN WATCHES REPAIRED.

48 *JAS. McCAULEY*

The Moose Jaw Times.

FRIDAY, JULY 24 .891

The North West members of Parliament are urging on the Government, the necessity for a larger grant for immigration purposes. Hon. Mr. Carling, Minister of Agriculture at a recent interview expressed his willingness to discuss the question at a future meeting.

It might be thought that now Sir John Macdonald rests in his grave, the Toronto Globe, would out of common decency cease its attacks on his character. It continues its malicious insinuations over the fact, that, at the time of his death, Sir John was possessed of some railway bonds and Canadian Pacific shares. No doubt Sir John bought the stock, on the open market, and if he chose to invest a few dollars in this way, whose business was it?

The thing that stands out most prominently before the people of Canada at present in regard to the Tarte—McGreevy affair is the faithfulness and vigor with which the Government are pursuing the inquiry and their expressed determination to rove the matter to the very bottom. No obstacles have been placed in the way of the fullest investigation, and there is as yet not the slightest evidence that any attempt will be made to whitewash the conduct of any servant of the crown. Even the opposition have been compelled to acknowledge that the investigations are being conducted, with strict impartiality. Hon. John Thompson, Minister of Justice who has been chiefly acting for the Government in the matter, is winning approbation from both sides of the House for his integrity and purity of motive. It is the firm determination of both Premier Abbott and Mr. Thompson, that justice be done and wherever wrong doing is proven in any of the departments, to allow no personal ties or party prejudices to shield the guilty. In the course these statesmen are taking they are not only winning the respect and confidence of the people but are strengthening their position at the head of affairs in Canada.

THE NORTH WEST TERRITORIES ACT.

His Honor Lieutenant Governor Royal, who has recently returned to Regina from a visit to the Dominion Capital, was interviewed by a Leader representative regarding the New North West Territories Act now before the House of Parliament. According to that paper His Honor made the following statements :—

"When asked about the statement that there would be no executive in the Assembly, His Honor laughed and said of course it was absurd. The money will be given to the Assembly to control and naturally this implies that they can make provision for expending it. It will be for the House to say by what means the funds will be spent, whether by a finance committee, an Advisory Board, or a small Ministry. Either of these the Assembly will have power to appoint and pay, no matter whether that power is given by the bill or not, for it forms a part of the constitution of all responsible governments.

In reply to a question as to the date of the elections, His Honor said that Parliament would probably sit until the middle of August and the elections would be held at the time which will be most convenient for the people, probably late in September. He also informed us that there wwill be no re-distribution this year, although the districts which now send two members may be divided. As there is such a strong feeling in favor of the ballot we shall probably have that for the elections, which will ensure a good chance for the electorate to give a proper verdict on the great question which will occupy their attention, namely prohibition versus license. The settlement of that question depends on the relative number of Temperance men and their opponents who will be returned, for the Assembly is to have power to deal with the question. The bill has not been printed yet. A session of the Legislature will be held almost immediately after the elections."

Not having yet received a copy of the bill as introduced by Hon. Mr. Dewdney, we are not in a position to give the full details, but it is expected that the new act will fully meet the requirements of the North West. The time has not yet arrived for full responsible government, with all the expensive machinery connected therewith, but every one is agreed, from the experience of the past two years, that some change is necessary. The announcement that all North West moneys both federal grants and local funds are to be placed in the hands of the Assembly for expenditure will be received with satisfaction as removing the cause of dispute between His Hon. and the majority in the Assembly during the past tw sessions. We hoped to have seen a clause in the bill providing for a redistribution of seats, as some of the constituencies in the North West have increased so much in population and development since last election as to be entitled to increased representation. This is a matter which demands the early attention of the new assembly, who are the proper parties to make recommendations to the Dominion Government regarding it. We are also pleased to see that in all likehood we shall have ballot voting at the approaching election. The same reasons exist here for voting by ballot as recommended its introduction into other parts of the country. It is the only certain way of getting the opinion of the people on the questions that are now before them for decision. With the ballot, and in the secrecy of the polling booth they can express their opinions without fear or favor. In past elections, in the Territories, both Dominion and Local, with open voting, personal interests have had great influence, and in many instances, the correct verdict of the people has not been secured. With the expenditure of the public money, the liquor question, the dual language and separate school questions placed in the hands of an assembly elected by ballot, the people of the North West will be perfectly content, without full responsible government for some years to come.

CARON.

Mr. John Irwin was visiting at Caron and vicinity on Saturday and Sunday last.

Messrs. John Baker and R. Smith from Parkbeg, was visiting at Caron this week.

Mr. Richard Wilson has a sixty acre field on Lyons Bros. homestead. Some of the grain is five feet in length

Most of the settlers are through breaking and summer-fallowing.

Owing to so much wet weather quite a number of the settlers are of the opinion that hay covering for buildings is not sufficient, and they are thinking of building granaries and stables with shingled roofs.

Quite a number from this district visited Moose Jaw last Sunday to hear the sermon by Rev. Mr. Clay to the Orangemen of the district.

The pic-nic at Pioneer Lake on the 13th inst., in aid of the Caron L. O. Lodge, passed off well. We understand the amount nettel was in the neighborhood of $130.

Don't Miss it.

A new and attractive publication containing many useful, interesting and instructive features has just been issued by T. Milburn & Co., of Toronto, under the title of the Burdock Blood Bitters Almanac for 1891. It is now in the hands of the druggists and merchants for free distribution and we would promise our readers to secure copy before the supply is exhausted.

MISING NEWS.—Mining experts note that cholera never attacks the bowels of the earth, but humanity in general find it necessary to use Dr. Fowler's Extrict of Wild Strawberry for bowel complaints, dysentery, diarrhœa, etc. It is a sure cure.

WHAT'S THE REASON.—The causes of summer complaint, diarrhœa, dysentery, cholera morbus, etc, are the excesive heat, eating green fruit, over-exertion, impure water and sudden chill. Dr. Fowler's Wild Strawberry is an infallible and prompt cure for all bowel complaints from whatever cause.

MARLBOROUGH MUSINGS.

The mosquitos are very bad.

The cherry voice and genial smile of our Post Master is missed from among us, the owner being absent on a visit to Riddell's ranche.

Brick work is completed on Mr. Beesley's new residence.

A visit to Mrs. Beesley's garden was well repaid by a sight of her vegetable productions.

We regret to hear of the death of Mr. McPherson, father of Mr. Alex McPherson of this place, at his home in Glengarry, Ont. His death was very sudden and unexpected.

The farmers are all busy cutting hay in the vicinity, the sloughs yielding a large crop.

We visited Buffalo Lake on Sunday and were simply astonished at the size of some of the crops. Those of Messrs. Moore and Sanders particularly claiming our attention.

Mr. Thomas Falconer expects his brother out on a pleasure trip during vacation. Mr. Falconer is the principal of the Union School in Forest, Ont.

It is rumored throughout the village that a certain young gentleman not a thousand miles from Pioneer will shortly exchange his state of single loneliness for a position in the ranks of the benedicts. This is as it should be, as the young bachelors are beginning to realize that shacking it alone is not what some would crack it up to be.

BURIED AT BRANDON.

Funeral of the Late Brakeman Johnston, Who Was Killed in the Moose Jaw Accident.

Brandon Times of Saturday :—On Thursday last a telegraph despatch from Moose Jaw brought the sad intelligence to Mr. W. F. Irwin, manager of the Massey Company of this city, that his brother-in-law, Edgar Newton Johnston, brother of Mrs. Irwin, had been killed in a railway accident near Moose Jaw. This was a severe shock to Mrs. Irwin, how severe only those who have been placed under similar painful circumstances can understand The remains were brought to the city by Friday morning's express and were interred in the Brandon cemetery at 4 p. m. The deceased was a young man 27 years of age, and was remarkable for his fine physique and gentlemanly bearing. He was very popular among all who knew him, and was always a great favorite with the children, for whom he had a large heart. He came to this country some eight or ten years ago, giving up a good position in Chicago to accompany his sister, Mrs. Irwin, to whom he was always very much attached, to the North West. Shortly after coming to Manitoba he invested in 25 acres of land, situated about a mile from the postoffice in Winnipeg. This property he improved from year to year, intending to settle down on it later on and to go into market gardening. He had been on the C. P. R. off and on, for the past eight years, and was considered one of the company's most trusty and valuable hands. In a few weeks more he intended to leave off railroading for good and so he wrote to his brother-in-law, Mr. Irwin. The C. P. R. men at this point attended the funeral in a body and were much affected by the loss of their respected comrade. The C P. R. company showed their appreciation of the young man by suspending all trains leaving Brandon yesterday save the express. The cabooses on the freights in the yard were tastefully draped in mourning, and a general feeling of sadness prevailed around the station all day. The funeral cortage left the residence of Mr. W. F. Irwin at four o'clock and it was one of the largest ever seen in this city. Fully one hundred rigs, in which were the leading citizens, were in attendance. The deceased had another sister beside Mrs. Irwin, in Manitoba, Mrs. Miller, living near Souris, but owing to sickness in her family, she could not attend the funeral.

SUPREME COURT SESSION

Before His Hon. Judge Richardson.

Alexander vs. Town of Moose Jaw—This was an appeal against assessment of income, on the ground of not being taxable. The judge held that the appeal be sustained unless the defendants can show that the salary of Dominion civic servants is liable to taxation.

Alexander vs. Town of Moose Jaw—An appeal against assessment of real property, on ground of being excessive. The appeal was sustained and the assessment reduced. The Judge held that ratepayers should have access to the assessment roll and other town books at all times within reasonable hours.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Industrial School, Red Deer, N. W. T.," will be received at this office until Monday, 10th of August, 1891, for the several works required in the erection of Industrial School, Red Deer, N. W. T.

Specimens can be seen at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa, and at the office of H. D. Johnston, Calgary, N. W. T.; at the office of H. J. Peters, Regina, and at the office of D. Smith, Winnipeg, on and after Monday, 20th July, and tenders will not be considered unless made on forms supplied and signed with actual signatures of tenderers.

An accepted bank cheque payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works, equal to five per cent. of the amount of tender, must accompany each tender. This cheque will be forfeited if the party decline the contract or fail to complete the work contracted for, and will be returned in case of non-acceptance of tender.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order.

E. E. E. ROY, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 14th July, 1891.

EDUCATIONAL COLUMN.

"It is clear that in whatever it is our duty to act, those matters it is also our duty to study."—Dr. Arnold.

Thomas De Quicey has pointed out that a person who takes up any pursuit without knowing anything of the subject, works at a great disadvantage. This is especially true of the teaching profession. The teacher does not apply his strength in the right direction, he troubles himself about small matters, neglects great ones, and falls into errors that have long since been exploded. The teacher is, we think, liable to these dangers if he bring to his classroom no knowledge but that which he has gained in cramming for an examination, and no skill but that which he has acquired by hard, dearly-bought experience. If his pupils are placed entirely in his hands, his work is one of great difficulty, with heavy penalties attached to all blundering in it; though here, as in the case of the ignorant doctor and careless architect, the penalties, unfortunately, are paid by the victims.

* * * *

The teacher who resists the current of educational thought is as foolish as the old woman who tried to keep the Atlantic from coming into her house by sweeping out the water with her broom. The water got in and the woman got out.

* * * *

Ruskin says :—"I pray you with all earnestness to prove and know within your hearts that all things lovely and righteous are possible for those who believe in their possibility, and who determine that, for their part, they will make each day's work contribute to them. Let every morning be to you as the beginning of life, and every evening be to you as its close; then let every one of these short lives leave its sure record of some kindly thing done for others—some strength or knowledge gained for yourselves."

This is a foundation doctrine for the teacher to impress firmly upon himself every morning—to seek for the lovely and righteous all the day in the schoolroom To impress on his pupils to do some kindly act every day, stands next in importance.

"I hold this thing to be grandly true:
That a noble deed is a step toward God:
Lifting the soul from the common clod,
To a broader field and a clearer view."

* * *

Many a teacher will close his term and take his pay and then sit down to think. If he says, "anyhow they have learned to spell," and that thought causes him joy, we are sorry for him. Education means something more than spelling and writing. Let us look back over our school days and see what *residua* we have. Will it be the spelling or the parsing? No; it will be the growth in power, the development of character, the increase in being, that causes us to remember one of our old school-rooms with pride and satisfaction. In some of those school-rooms there was considerable moulding power; we got a benefit there, we are sure. In another we passed away the time merely, perhaps we had a good time. These classes of school-rooms exist all over the land, and the thinking teacher will do well to ask himself "which is mine."

Some of the articles published from time to time in this column will be nothing more than compilations; and if, following the example of the gipsies, we disfigure other peoples' offspring in order to make them pass for our own, our readers will criticize leniently, bearing in mind the purpose for which these articles are reproduced. The sources of information in any subject are few, but for irrigation we require conductors as well as springs of water, and this column is intended to serve in the humbler capacity.

We cordially invite contributions from teachers and others interested in school work Following the example of eastern school journals, we will institute a "Question Box." Any question pertaining to school work which is accompanied by the signature of the sender will receive careful attention.

WRIGHT BROS.

BUTCHERS,

WHOLESALE and RETAIL,

— Dealers in all kinds of —

FRESH MEATS, ETC.

CAME IN SEASON.

Main St., - Moose Jaw.

FOR SALE.

A good five-year-old horse, well broken, first-class driver; one set of Single Harness, nearly new; and a top Buggy nearly new. Cheap. Apply at the TIMES office.

HARDWARE,

HARDWARE,

HARDWARE!

STOCK - NOW - COMPLETE.

— Call and examine our —

TIE OUT CHAINS 30 AND 50 FEET,

BEST IN THE MARKET!

— Have just received our first consignment of —

Safety Barb Wire!

Latest Improvements. Special prices for parties buying quantity on application.

OUR GROCERY AND PROVISION STOCK

Is always Complete with the Newest and Best GOODS in the Market.

FLOUR, BRAN, SHORTS,

CHOPPED OATS, POTATOES

GRASS SEEDS, ETC.

E. A. Baker & Co.

THE KEY TO HEALTH.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

Unlocks all the clogged avenues of the **Bowels, Kidneys and Liver**, carrying off gradually without weakening the system, all the impurities and foul humor of the secretions; at the same time **Correcting Acidity of the Stomach, curing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness of the Skin, Dropsy, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Fluttering of the Heart, Nervousness, and General Debility**; all these and many other similar Complaints yield to the happy influence of **BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.**

For Sale by all Dealers.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto.

DR. FOWLER'S EXTRACT OF WILD STRAWBERRY CURES CHOLERA Cholera Morbus COLIC CRAMPS DIARRHŒA DYSENTERY AND ALL SUMMER COMPLAINTS AND FLUXES OF THE BOWELS. IT IS SAFE AND RELIABLE FOR CHILDREN OR ADULTS.

I. LEDIEU,

HOUSE & CARRIAGE PAINTER.

I. LeDieu wishes to inform the inhabitants of Moose Jaw that he will be in town during the summer to undertake any orders which may be given him. He has had a large and varied experience at the business. Special attention paid to fine work.

Good Paint and first-class work.

GRAINING A SPECIALTY.

WRITE FOR ESTIMATES.

KALSOMINING.

Moose Jaw, N. W. T. 10

The Use Of

Harsh, drastic purgatives to relieve costiveness is a dangerous practice, and defeats itself to fasten the disease on the patient that it cures it. What is needed is a medicine that in effectually opening the bowels, corrects the costive habit and establishes a natural daily action. Such an aperient is

Ayer's Pills,

which, while thorough in action, strengthens as well as stimulate the bowels and excretory organs.

"For eight years I was afflicted with constipation, which at last became so bad that the doctors could do no more for me. The bowels became regular and natural in their movements. I am now in excellent health."—Wm. H. DeLancett, Dorset, Ont.

"When I feel the need of a cathartic I take Ayer's Pills, and find them to be the

Effective

than any other pill I ever took."—Mrs. E. Grubb, Burwellville, Va.

"For years I have been subject to constipation and nervous headaches, caused by disarrangement of the liver. After taking various remedies, I have become convinced that Ayer's Pills are the best. They have never failed to relieve my bilious attacks in a short time; and I am sure my system retains no tone longer after the use of these Pills than has been the case with any other medicine I have tried."—H. S. Sledge, Wilmar, Texas.

Ayer's Pills,

PREPARED BY Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

Poundkeeper's Notice!

NOTICE is hereby given that there has been impounded in my pound on the S. E. ¼ of Sec. 5, Tp. 17, R. 26, west of 2nd M., One Sorrel Pony Mare about 4 years old, small white stripe in face, and two white fore feet and one white hind foot. If pony is not claimed and damages paid within 20 days from date the animal will be sold to cover expenses.

WM. WALSH, Poundkeeper.

Dated at Moose Jaw, July 18th, 1891.

BROWN'S WORM SYRUP DESTROYS AND REMOVES WORMS OF ALL KINDS IN CHILDREN OR ADULTS. SWEET AS SYRUP AND CANNOT HARM THE MOST DELICATE CHILD.

FLY PADS !

— At —

BOLE'S

DRUG STORE.

The Moose Jaw Times.

FRIDAY, JULY 24, 1891.

TOWN and COUNTRY.

Mrs. A Wilcox is visiting friends in Owen Sound, Ontario.

Mrs. Wm. Grayson is visiting in Mitchell, Ontario.

Mr. H. Bell of Parsons, Bell & Co. did business in town on Monday.

Mr. J. A. Calder B. A. of the Moose Jaw High School is visiting a college chum in Windsor Ont.

Mr. E. Honeyman, a former resident of the Moose Jaw district is visiting in town and renewing old acquaintances.

MONEY TO LOAN—Private Funds—on Improved Real Estate Securities.—J. G. GORDON.

Ex Warden Bedson of the Manitoba Penitentiary died suddenly in Ottawa, last Thursday, of heart disease.

Professor Robertson and two dairy instructors are coming to the North West shortly.

Mr. W. W. McLeod, Post Office Inspector for Manitoba Division was a passenger on No. 1 Tuesday morning.

Postmaster Gass has improved the front of his brick block with a balcony and verandah.

Mr. H. McDougall left on Saturday evening on the Lumbermens' excursion to Rat Portage and the Rainy River.

Canada Permanent Loan and Savings Co Money to Loan. Apply to, WM. GRAYSON.

Mrs. Van Alystine and Miss Murray of Winnipeg, are visiting in town, the guests of Assistant Superintendent Milestone.

The C. P. R. wrecking car and outfit have completed the removal of the debris of the wreck, which occurred last week, at the railroad crossing east of town.

The TIMES acknowledges the receipt of a very beautiful bouquet from the garden of Mrs. J. G. Beesley. We promise a description of Mrs. Beesley's garden in a future issue.

Veterinary Inspector Wroughton of McLeod has gone to Wood Mountain to investigate a disease which has attacked cattle there. The disease is supposed to be blackleg.

The Moose Jaw Agricultural Society have decided to purchase the grounds used as a race track, for exhibition purposes, from the North West Land Company. The price paid was $400.

Go to Bellamy's for the Celebrated Doherty Organ, Evan's Piano and White's Sewing Machine.

The Earl of Shannon, well known throughout the North West as Lord Boyle, is reported to be lying in his death bed, Lord Boyle at one time represented the McLeod district in the old Northwest Council.

The annual pic-nic of the Methodist Sunday School was held on Wednesday afternoon at Lewis' grove along the Moose Jaw river. The attendance was large but a storm of rain which came on in the evening marred the pleasure of the pic-nicers.

An ice cream social was held in the Presbyterian Church on Tuesday evening. As the weather was cold and damp the attendance was not so large as it would have been had the hot weather continued. A pleasant evening however was enjoyed by those present.

Among the visitors from Moose Jaw to the Regina races, last week were Messrs. J. Ostrander, H. Ferguson, J. Chalmers, M. McLeod, Wm. Riddell, A Cavan and Wm. Burton. They all reported that the races were good and that during the days of the races, the Capital was lively.

Mr. A. Hicks received on Tuesday morning a telegram from Mrs. Hicks who is visiting at Point Sanilac Michigan, containing the sad intelligence of the death of their child. The little one was about six months of age. Mr. and Mrs. Hicks have the sympathy of their friends here in this, their second bereavement.

A meeting of the Moose Jaw Board of Trade will be held in Mr. Grayson's office to night at 8.30 o'clock. A full attendance is requested.

Mr. O. B. Fysh, Auctioneer, is billed to sell by public auction on July 28th, the household furniture of Mr. A. R. Carmichael, at his residence, opposite the Brunswick Hotel.

At a meeting of the C. P. R. employees, held on Monday evening in the Reading Room, it was decided to hold their annual pic-nic and excursion on August 14th. Further particulars regarding place, fare etc., will be made known later.

WANTED—A good kitchen girl. Apply at the C. P. R. Dining Hall.

Mrs. Large, widow of the late Rev. A. Large, the murdered Methodist Missionary of Japan, who has been visiting in Ontario for the past few months, was a passenger on the west bound train this morning, en route for the scene of her future labors in the oriental Kingdom

A party of Mennonites who had been farming at Gleichen passed through the town on Monday en route for Saskatoon. They had with them five car loads of stock, and an extensive outfit of settlers' effects.

FOR SALE.—A first-class Buggy. Nearly New Will be sold cheap. For further particulars apply to W D. PALMER Moose Jaw. 50

Since writing our account of the C. P. R. accident near Moose Jaw, last week, we learn that from the owner of the cows, which caused the accident, that he was not as stated, driving his cattle along the track. According to this statement, the animals instead of crossing ran along the track and he was unable to get them out of the way before the train struck them.

Somewhere we have read of the struggles and privations of obscure scientists who have spent their own and their friends, money in trying to invent a contrivance for causing rain. To us the thing is a marvel for simplicity. Let the candidate merely get up a pic-nic, and on the day appointed, he will think that the contract made of old with Noah has expired.

Rev. Dr. Robertson, Superintendent of Presbyterian missions in the North West, returned to Winnipeg last Sunday from a prolonged visit to the eastern provinces. Dr. Robertson went east for the purpose of raising money to assist North West missions and has succeeded to the extent of $35,000. He says that interest in the development of the North West is increasing all over the east and that should the harvest turn out as expected, a very large immigration of Ontario farmers may be expected. Let them come, we have room on our fertile prairies for millions of people, who can here find happy homes.

Two first-class rooms to let—Gentlemen preferred apply to
F. G. HERBLER, Manitoba street

We had the pleasure on Wednesday afternoon of seeing the magnificent crop of wheat on the farm of Mr. Wm. Lewis, on 30-15-25. He has about 60 acres which if nothing happens to the crop between now and threshing time, will without doubt give an average yield of forty-five bushels per acre. It is by all odds, the best crop of wheat we have ever seen. Mr. Lewis worked this piece of land well last year, and the result is that he has a crop of wheat which is the admiration of the whole district, and which people drive for miles to see.

FOR SALE.—One span of young mares one wagon and a set of harness, nearly new. Will be sold on reasonable terms. Apply to
49 RUSSEL WILSON, Moose Jaw.

A meeting was held in Mr. T. E Birbeck's office last Thursday evening for the purposing of re-organizing the Moose Jaw Cricket Club. The following officers were elected for the season 1891 :—President, W. B. Crosbie ; Captain, W. B. Crosbie : Secy.-Treas., C. A. W. Stunt ; Ground Committee, Messrs. Stunt, Green and Gass ; General Committee, Messrs. Ross, Baker, Birbeck, Green and Simington. The following were then elected Hon. members of the club :—G. S. Tuxford, W. R. Barlee, H. L. Toms, Ed. Evatt, J. J. Porter, J. Gibson. The practice nights of the club will be Tuesday's and Friday's on the grounds west of town on the old base ball grounds. The colors of the club are white badges. The club starts out with a good membership and expect in a short time to be prepared to accept challenges from any club in the Territories.

Mr. Acton Burrows, president of the Nor'-West Farmer printing and publishing company, offers a handsome solid silver cup value $50 for the best herd of shorthorns, consisting of a bull and four females for breeding purposes, to be shown at the Winnipeg Industrial Exhibition from September 26 to October 2. Entries must be sent to the secretary-treasurer of the Exhibition at Winnipeg not later than September 14. The cup will be suitably engraved with the name of the Exhibitor, particulars of the competition etc., so as to be a permanent trophy of the prize ring and it is expected there will be strong competition for it.

THE GRAND TRUNK SYSTEM.—The Grand Trunk system differs from the human system, in that the same troubles do not affect it and the same remedies are not needed. For all diseases of the human system there is no tonic purifier, renovator and strengthener as good as Burdock Blood Bitters. A weak system can be built up by B. B. B.

Through the courtesy of Mr. T. E Birbeck the popular Secretary of Assistant Superintendent Milestone, a representative of the TIMES was shown through the magnificent garden of the C. P. R. at this place. To say that we were highly delighted with the visit, is but faintly to express our pleasure at what we saw and our appreciation of the good work that is being done in this connection. The garden is situated in the C. P. R. reserve, and quite close to the railway track. It contains about 2½ acres, the ground of which was first broken in the spring of 1890. Last season some fine vegetables and flowers were grown, but owing to the newness of the ground and the drought, were not at all to be compared with the growth of the present season. Thorough cultivation and manuring has produced a result that we firmly believe, is not excelled or even equalled, west of Lake Superior. If any person has the slightest doubt of the adaptability of Moose Jaw soil for the production of all kinds vegetables of the highest quality, he has only to pay a visit to the C. P. R. garden to have all his doubts removed. On entering the garden by the front gate the first thing that meets the eye, is a beautiful flower patch, in which flowers of every imaginable hue are in full bloom gladdening the eye and lading the air with their rich fragrance. In the centre of the bed, a fountain supplied with water from pipes from the pump send its spray over the flowers which gladly raise their heads to receive the refreshing showers. This variety of color, in contast with the rich green of the surrounding vegetation adds much to the beauty of the grounds.

Last season a number of trees were planted out around the garden, nearly all of which came through last winter all right and are showing a vigorous growth. Out of 30 mountain ash 29 are living and growing nicely. A Box Elder tree planted last year, shows a growth for this season of 3ft. 4 inches. In the spring the intervals between the trees was well cultivated and sown with the seeds of native maple trees, gathered along the river valley. Nearly every seed planted, grew, and there is now a thick row of little seedling maples varying from two inches to eighteen inches in height, on three sides of the garden, and six rows along the north side. There are enough trees here, when transplanted next spring to supply the whole Moose Jaw district.

The potatoes were the next thing visited, and the growth here exceeded anything we ever saw either in the eastern provinces or in the North West. The vines are in bloom and completely cover the ground. The tubers are large, and well developed and will produce an extraordinary yield. They are all of the standard varieties, Early Rose and Beauty of Hebron, which have been found best adapted for North West purposes. Green peas planted in May, were seen heavily laden with pods and have been fit for table use for a week past. The turnips, carrots, beets, parsnips, onions and in fact every kind of vegetable, show a luxuriant growth, and will without doubt surprise the world, in the strawberry and raspberry plants have also done well, the strawberry vines bearing fine fruit. The raspberry blossoms were touched by an early frost in the early spring but the plants have made a strong growth and will be sure to stand the winter all right.

The cabbages and cauliflowers promise to be of an extraordinary size, the cauliflower heads being already of a considerable size.

The garden suffered considerably in the spring from the ravages of the destructive cutworm, but through the vigilance of the gardner, Mr. E. Tapley, the young plants were saved from the marauder. The plan taken by him was to go out in the early morning and destroy any of the pests, which he found at their morning meal. He also adopted the plan of placing a tin covering around the transplanted vegetables.

The energy of those in charge of the garden is commendable and the appearance of their crop cannot fail to produce a favorable impression on travellers and others passing through on the trains.

A NATIONALIST PLAN.—A proposal, which would obtain favor with even the opponents of Nationalism, contemplates the placing of a supply sufficient for each family of nature's great dyspepsia specific and blood purifier, B. B. B., in every home in the land. The benefits of such a boon to the people would be incalculable.

Mount Forest, Ontario, had a real wild western cyclone last week which did considerable damage in the town

HEALTH, HAPPINESS AND PROSPERITY.—All these depend on pure blood, for without it health is impossible ; without health happiness is impossible, and without happiness prosperity is a mockery. No means of obtaining pure blood and removing bad blood excels the use of B. B. B., the best blood purifier known.

Mr. S. E. Dawson of Montreal will succeed Col. Brown Chamberlain as Queen's Printer at Ottawa.

IMPERIAL FEDERATION.—Will present an opportunity to extend the fame of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry the unfailing remedy for cholera, cholera morbus, colic cramps, diarrhœa, dysenterv, and all summer complaints, to every part of the Empire. Wild Strawberry never fails.

REGARDING LICENSES.

To the Editor of the TIMES.

DEAR SIR—I notice in your last issue that "Right" has abandoned his original intention of stiring up public feeling against the Council, and like all small minds who have been fairly vanquished, treats your humble servant to a volley of personal abuse which is rather amusing to me when I consider where it comes from, because I would dare to reply to his uncalled for attack on Councillor Colpitts and the Board of which I have the honor to be a member. "Right" is very much disappointed because (forsooth) I would not argue with him, though I treated him no worse than all highly educated cranks could expect who will persist in harping away on a subject after it has been threshed out to the satisfaction of everybody. Just fancy, he has given me credit for one sane sentence which I would assure him was a misprint, which should have read "if ever a license was given improperly it was when the previous Council, which contained the brilliant brain power of 'Right', was in office." I hope Mr. Editor you will correct this, as well as two or three other words that I notice in my letter that was misprinted and which to our highly educated friend will no doubt appear bad English, but it seems to answer his purpose amazingly for he grasps it as a drowning man would a straw in order to have some credit reflected even by me whom he credits as being untruthful. For the previous Council I have personally the highest respect, and am really sorry to see any reflections cast upon them by the creditable individual who signs himself "Right." I think "Right" should remember that he is now living in the nineteenth century and that such bafling as he has entertained us with the last four or five weeks is entirely out of place from first to last, and I think by the time he has got a little more rope he will be sure to hang himself. Again thanking you for space to reply to so unworthy an opponent, I will for the last time on this subject have the courage to remain, Yours Truly,

COUNCILLOR PALMER.

To the Editor of the TIMES.

DEAR SIR—Please allow me space for a few comments on "Right's" reply to Councillor Palmer's letter of 10th inst. It seems to me that he had charged himself with chemicals and then loaded himself with a lot of abuse and when he got about 200 pounds of steam on hurled them at Councillors Colpitts and Palmer. I cannot see one single allusion in his letter to the question he first commenced to discuss. I think (and feel quite satisfied that a majority of the citizens do also) that the actions of the present Council respecting the license were perfectly right. The saloon he prates about so much was no more a saloon at the time the party took out his license last spring than it was when our noble minded "Right" sat as a city father, and it was granted on the same By-law in 1891 as in 1890. The same is mentioned in Palmer's letter, when he says, "Right with his chemical friends spent the night framing to suit this saloon," but this has been so plainly explained in Councillor Palmer's letter that there is no need for me to say any more about it. Why does he not stick to the license issue and not wander away to "bulls, lightning and windmills." I would infer that Don Quixote was brought to his mind so forcibly last year when he was fighting the wind-mill water power system that he could not refrain from quoting this ancient adage, and we might judge also that he drew his inference about the "bull and the railway" from the Council (of which he was a shining light) of 1890 and the citizens of the town, the bull being represented by that massive chemical machine and the railway by the citizens, the only difference being that instead of the railway coming out best as in the first instance, this bull backed up this "Right" and his collegues, gained the day, and passed triumphantly through railway's rights (the citizen.) My candid opinion is, that when "Right" speaks of doughty Councillors, and flaunts their civic title before the public, he still feels sore when he thinks that the people of Moose Jaw decided that he was not a fit and proper person to affix a civic title to his name, although no doubt he would aspire to nothing less than Mayorality. Thanking you for space occupied and trusting "Right may come out in his true colors in reply to Councillor Palmer, I will subscribe myself,

MAY ROUND TOWN.

CROPS AT MELBOURNE.

To the Editor of the TIMES.

Farmers around this settlement have reasons for being proud of and anticipating an abundant harvest and I would advise Moose Jaw people, new settlers and all to visit the farms of Messrs. Doane & Sons, Porter & Sons, Mr. A. Haggarty, and E. Love. They will see a sight seldom if ever witnessed in the North West viz. fields of rich grain, wheat, barley and oats but also roots and vegetables and the three first named have each, the finest field of peas ever seen in any country and it is to be hoped many will imitate these settlers in the future in the way of farming etc.

RAMBLER.

BREAD-MAKER'S YEAST 5c
NEVER FAILS TO GIVE SATISFACTION
FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.

R. BOGUE,

— DEALER IN —

HARDWARE, TINWARE, CROCKERY, GROCERIES, DRY-GOODS, BOOTS & SHOES, Flour and Feed.

— Sole Agent in Moose Jaw for —

CELEBRATED SOURIS FLOUR,

RAPID SEWING MACHINES, LAURANCE'S SPECTABLES.

R. BOGUE.

Farmers! Farmers!

With the good crops now assured and

$5000 OF CHOICE BANKRUPT STOCK,

From which to make your purchases at

50 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR,

To be had at F. Plant's Old Stand. Call on

RIPSTEIN & CO.,

And see the bargains to be had in Ready-made Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Dry-goods, Groceries, Flour, Crockery Glassware, Hats, Caps Etc.

No such a chance ever offered before in Moose Jaw. The sale is genuine and no make-believe. Call early before the goods are all sold, and look out for auction sale every Friday and Saturday afternoons and evenings.

10 RIPSTEIN & CO.

WINDOW - SHADES !

WITH ROLLERS AND PULL COMPLETE,

— AT —

65 CENTS AND UPWARDS !

— AT —

BELLAMY'S FURNITURE STORE.

Cost Sale !

Beginning to-day (Friday) and will last for

TWO - MONTHS.

In order to make room for my New Spring Stock which will arrive in a few days, I will sell at cost my entire stock of

HARNESS, SADDLES,
BRUSHES, CURRY COMBS.
WHIPS, SPURS, BLANKETS
TRUNKS AND VALISES.

You may expect Bargains as the old stock must be sold.

CALL EARLY AND INSPECT THE STOCK.

D. McMILLAN,
MAIN STREET
1.

Lost and Found.

STRAYED—From my herd in November last one Small, Young Baindle Cow, white on forehead. Came into the herd same month two calves, Red and White. Apply to,
CHAS. NICOLLE,
48 Two Rivers Ranche, Qu'Appelle Valley.

STRAYED — From Eye Brow Lake, one Roan Cow 5 years old, indistinct brand W on left hip, left horn broken near point. When last seen had rope on horns. Any person giving such information as will lead to the recovery of the same will be suitably rewarded.
DONALD McLEAN, 10-17-26.
Box 9, Moose Jaw. 9

STRAYED—Came on to the premises of the undersigned one bay pony 4 years old Owner can have same by proving property and paying expenses.
WM. FLETCHER, 15-17-26.

$10 REWARD.

STRAYED—From Eye Brow Lake on June 15th, 22 Rams branded M on left side with black paint. Any one giving such information as will lead to their recovery will receive the reward.
DONALD McLEAN, 10-17-26.
Box 9, Moose Jaw. 9

LOST—One mare of a dark iron grey color four years old, and one mare of a cream color with black points. Both mares had halters on when last seen. Any one returning them will be suitably rewarded
A. K. GRAYSON, Moose Jaw

STRAYED—On the premises of the undersigned one Stallion 3 years old. Branded A on left shoulder. Owner will please call and pay expenses and take the animal away.
D. ROAM.

RE. PRAIRIE FIRES.

To the Editor of the TIMES.

The prairies are at present covered with long thick grass, weeds and other inflammable substances and vegetable matter, and unless the utmost care, vigilance, and protection is given at once the damage and destruction to the country can easily be imagined. Since the advent of the C. P. R. through the continent, there was never such a chance for a clean sweep of hay, crops, trees, etc., for even the barn and stable yards contain vegetation. Should such a calamity occur, it would be the greatest drawback this young country could ever have, worse than a rebellion, frost, or drought. Being an old timer and having witnessed and been victimized by prairie fires since 1874, I have no hesitation in saying that unless the Government either federal or local, take action at once it will be impossible for the settlers, sparsely settled as they are to protect themselves. A couple of seasons ago, I suggested that assistance could be given by the police force. I stated then that there were some 1000 to 1200 men and officers in the land and that I failed to see their occupation in the blue book returns. They surely are not novices to the country as might have been the case in 1874 at which time I was quartermaster of the force when officers and men had to do fatigue and picket duties. Even the present Judge McLeod, then Assistant Commissioner had his share in herding and rounding up horses, cattle and other equipments before nightfall. I would respectfully suggest that a patrol be established forthwith on the main trails where there is danger of fires starting through the neglect of travellers after camping whether Indians, Half breeds or whites. Had there been any police supervision during the construction of the Long Lake Road the district between Moose Jaw and Regina would not have been swept by fire nor the writer's hay and stables to the value of one thousand dollars destroyed besides the subsequent damage. I may here add that the few police which the Commissioner condescended to leave in Moose Jaw did good service by putting out personally one fire north of the town, but prevention is better than cure and I would not wish to see them personally at work unless in cases of emergency, but am confident that if it is known that the Police are on the alert, Travellers, Railway men, Indians all in fact, will exercise more caution either whilst camping or smoking. Should such a patrol be established I think that the localities most liable to fires are situated along the Saskatoon trail and between the lines of the Long Lake and C. P. R. roads. A patrol from Regina and Moose Jaw could meet each other say north of Buffalo Lake or at Riddell's ranche. Should the Police not be available could not proper offices be appointed whose expenses could be mitigated by offering a reward, and who could also act as game guardians. This last appointment would militate in favor of the adoption of such a course as considerable revenue would be derived every season. I trust an abler pen than mine will take up this matter and that we shall have substantial assistance from the Government to further this most important object. Large sums are expended in the Dominion for protecting fisheries, rivers and stream obstructions. Why should the Territories be overlooked on matters of equal importance to the Government and to the settlement of the country.

CHARLES NICOLLE.

Moose Jaw, July 18th 1891.

G. T. R. AND C. P. R.

Their Alliance Would Form the Greatest Railway Combination in the World.

The Railway Age of this week says: "There are some indications that the two great rival railway systems of Canada, the Grand Trunk and the Canadian Pacific, may ere long replace their bitter competition by consolidation. It is declared that at the next meeting of the Grand Trunk directors the Canadian Pacific will name three members of the board, and there are certainly strong indications of an alliance in some form between these two great properties. The Canadian Pacific now represents over 6,600 miles of railway, with a capital stock of $73,000,000 and a bonded indebtedness of nearly $110,000,000—or a total of about $83,000,000. The Grand Trunk, including its lines in the United States, foots up a total of nearly 4,200 miles, and the capital stock and bonds of the parent company represent the enormous total of $293,000,000. A union of these two interests would therefore mean a system having about 10,775 miles of line and having a capilization of not far from $475,000,000, besides bonded indebtedness of subsidiary companies to a large amount. This would constitute the most prodigious railway system, in respect both to mileage and capital, on the continent, and its existence would certainly not tend to diminish the aggressions of Canadian Railways upon the traffic of lines in this country."

A couple of bets were made last week at the Russell House Ottawa that Mr. Latrier would be premier before August.

AYER'S PILLS

Excel all others as a family medicine. They are suited to every constitution, old and young, and, being sugar-coated, are agreeable to take. Purely vegetable, they leave no ill effects, but strengthen and regulate the stomach, liver, and bowels, and restore every organ to its normal function. For use either at home or abroad, on land or sea, these Pills

Are the Best.

"Ayer's Pills have been used in my family for over thirty years. We find them an excellent medicine in fevers, eruptive diseases, and all bilious troubles, and seldom call a physician. They are almost the only pill used in our neighborhood."—Redmon C. Comly, Row Landing P. O., W. Feliciana Parish, La.

"I have been in this country eight years, and, during all this time, neither I, nor any member of my family have used any other kind of medicine than Ayer's Pills, but these we always keep at hand, and I should not know how to get along without them."—A. W. Soderberg, Lowell, Mass.

"I have used Ayer's Cathartic Pills as a

Family Medicine

for 25 years, and they have always given the utmost satisfaction."—James A. Thornton, Bloomington, Ind.

"Two boxes of Ayer's Pills cured me of severe headache, from which I was long a sufferer."—Emma Keyes, Hubbardstown, Mass.

Ayer's Pills,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

Homestead Regulations !

All even-numbered sections of Dominion Lands in Manitoba or the North West Territories, excepting 8 and 26, which have not been homesteaded, reserved to provide wood lots for settlers, or other purposes, may be homesteaded by any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over eighteen years of age, to the extent of one quarter section of 160 acres, more or less.

ENTRY.

Entry may be made personally at the local land office in which the land to be taken is situate, or if the homesteader desires he may, on application to the Minister of the Interior, Ottawa, or the Commissioner of Dominion Lands, Winnipeg, receive authority for some one to make the entry for him. A fee of $10 is charged for an ordinary homestead entry; but for lands which have been occupied an additional fee of $10 is chargable to meet inspection and cancellation expenses.

HOMESTEAD DUTIES.

Under the present law homestead duties may be performed in three ways, and on making application for entry the settler must declare under which of the following conditions he elects to hold his land:

1. Three years cultivation and residence, during which period the settler may not be absent for more than six months in any one year without forfeiting the entry.

2. Residence for three years anywhere within two miles of the homestead quarter section, and afterwards actual residence in a habitable house upon the homestead for three months next prior to application for patent. Under this system 10 acres must be broken the first year after entry; 15 additional in the second, and 15 in the third year; 10 acres to be in crop the second year and 25 acres the third year.

3. The 5 years' system under which a settler may reside anywhere for the first two years, but must perfect his entry by commencing cultivation within six months after the date thereof breaking five acres the first year, cropping those five acres and breaking 10 acres additional the second year and also building a habitable house before the end of the second year. The settler must commence actual residence on the homestead at the expiration of two years from date of entry, and thereafter reside upon and cultivate his homestead for at least six months in each of the three next succeeding years.

APPLICATION FOR PATENT

may be made before the local agent, any homestead inspector or the intelligence officer at Medicine Hat or Qu'Appelle Station. Before making application for Patent the settler must give 6 months' notice in writing to the Commissioner of Dominion Lands of his intention to do so.

INTELLIGENCE OFFICES

are situated at Qu'Appelle Station and Medicine Hat. Newly arrived immigrants will receive at any of these offices information as to the lands that are open for entry, and from the officers in charge, free of expense, advice and assistance in securing lands to suit them.

A SECOND HOMESTEAD

may be taken by anyone who has received a homestead patent or a certificate of recommendation countersigned by the Commissioner of Dominion Lands upon application for patent made by him, or had earned title to his first homestead on, or prior to, the 2nd day of June, 1887.

INFORMATION.

Full information respecting the land, timber, coal and mineral laws, and copies of these regulations, as well as those respecting Dominion Lands in the Railway Belt in British Columbia, may be obtained upon application to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa; the Commissioner of Dominion Lands, Winnipeg, Manitoba; or to any of the Dominion Land Agents in Manitoba or the North West Territories.

A. M. BURGESS,
Deputy Minister of the Interior

NEW BUTCHER SHOP,

Next door south of Post Office.

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Wishes to inform the people of Moose and surrounding district that he is is prepared to cater to their wants in all kinds of

Fresh Meats.
Salt and Smoked Meats.
Fish, Poultry, Sausages, &c.
GAME IN SEASON.

The public are respectfily invited to call and inspeat my stock.

G. B. WALLACE,
6 Main street.

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TWO RIVERS RANCHE, Buffalo Lake East.

Polled Angus, Short Horns, Durham, an other grades of Cows, Heifers, Oxen, Steer and Bulls always on hand. A few good milch cows recently calved, and two young Short Horn Bulls (well bred. Young Cows with or without calves at foot. Broad mares or oxen taken in exchange for stock. C. Nicolle.
The Ranche Qu'Appelle Valley

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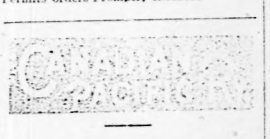
Permits orders Promptly executed.



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Steamers Sail from From Fort William as follows:

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And the magnificant new Empress Steamship

"MANITOBA"
Will leave Every Sunday.

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And all Southern Points.

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. K. STEVENSON, Moose Jaw,
or to ROBT. KERR, General Pass. Agent, Winnipeg

THE WINDSOR HOTEL.

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LIVERY, FEED

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Rigs of all Descriptions Supplied on Shortest Notice.

BALED HAY ALWAYS ON HAND.

WM. WALSH.

NOTICE

To Game And Hay Seekers !

Notice is hereby given that any trespass whatever on Sections 28, 33, 34, Township 18, Ranges 24 and 25, w. 2nd M., will be dealt with according to law.

2 Chas Nicolle.

SEYMOUR N. De P. GREEN, Agent for North Western Masonic Aid Association, of Chicago—Sixteenth year—The Largest, most Prosperous and Best. 48,153 Certificates in force on March 1st, 1889.

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Open to Masons and non-Masons.

WANTED MEN, local or travelling to sell my guaranteed NURSERY STOCK. Salary or Commission paid weekly. Outfit free. Special attention given to new beginners. Workers never fail o make good weekly wages. rite me at nce for particulars.
o G. E. GRAHAM, Nurseyman.
(This house is reliable.) TORONTO, ONT.

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A gentleman having been cured of Nervous Prostration, Seminal Weakness, Premature Decay, and all the evil effects of early indiscretion and youthful folly, is anxious to make known to others the simple meds of SELF-CURE. To those who wish, and will give him their symptoms, he will send (free) by return mail, a copy of the recipe so successfully used in his case.
Address, in confidence, JAMES W. PICKEY, 42 Cedar St. NY.

PIMPLES. I will mail (FREE) on receipt of a 2 cent stamp, a receipt for Pimple VEGETABLE BALM that will remove Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Blotches, Black Heads, Etc., leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful.
Touch with this compound the sot lily cheek
And the oright glow will best its rivals speak.
Also instructions for producing a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face Addres — D. STEMPLE, 65 nn St., N. Y

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The undersigned having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription used, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis and all throat and lung Maladies. He hopes all sufferers will try his Remedy, as it is invaluable. Those desiring the prescription, which will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing, will please address, Rev. Edward A. Wilson, Williamsburg, Kings County, New York.

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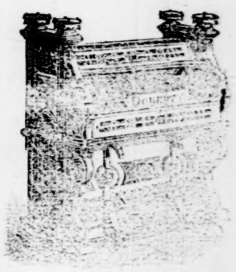

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